

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# AC100+ GOLD®

Vinylester Injection Adhesive Anchoring System

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The AC100+ Gold is a two-component vinylester adhesive anchoring system. The system includes injection adhesive in plastic cartridges, mixing nozzles, dispensing tools and hole cleaning equipment. The adhesive is designed for bonding threaded rod and reinforcing bar elements into drilled holes in concrete and masonry base materials. It can be considered for use in solid base materials as well as hollow base materials with screen tubes.

#### **GENERAL APPLICATIONS AND USES**

- Bonding threaded rod and reinforcing bar into hardened concrete and masonry
- Evaluated for use in dry and water-saturated concrete (including water filled holes)
- Suitable to resist loads in cracked or uncracked concrete base materials
- Adhesive system can be installed in a wide range of base material temperatures; qualified for structural applications in concrete and masonry as low as 14°F (-10°C)
- Qualified for seismic (earthquake) and wind loading (SDC A F)

#### **FEATURES AND BENEFITS**

- + Designed for use with threaded rod and reinforcing bar hardware elements
- + Consistent performance in low and high strength concrete
- + Evaluated and recognized for freeze/thaw performance
- + Evaluated and recognized for a range of embedments
- + Versatile low odor formula with optimized cure time
- + Evaluated and recognized for long term and short term loading (see performance tables)
- + Mixing nozzles proportion adhesive and provide simple delivery method into drilled holes
- + Cartridge design allows for multiple uses using extra mixing nozzles
- + Universal product for concrete and masonry (hollow and solid base materials)

#### **APPROVALS AND LISTINGS**

- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-2582 for concrete
- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-3200 for masonry
- International Code Council, Evaluation Service (ICC-ES) ESR-4105 for Unreinforced Masonry (URM)
- Code compliant with the 2021 IBC/IRC, 2018 IBC/IRC, 2015 IBC/IRC and 2012 IBC/IRC
- Tested in accordance with ASTM E488 / ACI 355.4 and ICC-ES AC308 for use in structural concrete with design according to ACI 318 (-19 & -14) Chapter 17 and ACI 318 Appendix D
- Tested in accordance with ICC-ES AC58 and ICC-ES AC60 for use in masonry walls
- Compliant with NSF/ANSI Standard 61 for drinking water system components health effects
- Compliant to California DPH for VOC emissions and South Coast AQMD for VOC content (LEED v4.1)
- Conforms to requirements of ASTM C881 including C882 and AASHTO M235, Types I, II, IV and V, Grade 3, Class A and conforms to requirements of ASTM C881 Types I and IV, Grade 3, Class B
- Department of Transportation listings see www.DEWALT.com or contact transportation agency

#### **GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS**

CSI Divisions: 03 16 00 - Concrete Anchors, 04 05 19.16 - Masonry Anchors and 05 05 19 - Post-Installed Concrete Anchors. Adhesive anchoring system shall be AC100+ Gold as supplied by DEWALT, Towson, MD. Anchors shall be installed in accordance with published instructions and requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction.







ICC-ES ESR-2582 CONCRETE CODE LISTED
ICC-ES ESR-3200
MASONRY

ICC-ES ESR-4105



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AC100+ GOLD ADHESIVE IN CARTRIDGE (STANDARD THREADED ROD AND REBAR STEEL SUPPLIED BY OTHERS)

#### **PACKAGING (10:1 MIX RATIO)**

#### Coaxial / Foil Cartridge

- 9.5 fl. oz. (280 mL or 17.1 in³)
- 14 fl. oz. (420 mL or 25.6 in<sup>3</sup>)

#### **Dual Cartridge (side-by-side)**

• 28 fl. oz. (825 mL or 50.3 in³)

#### **STORAGE LIFE & CONDITIONS**

Eighteen months in a dry, dark environment with temperature ranging from 32°F and 86°F (-0°C to 30°C)

#### ANCHOR SIZE RANGE (TYPICAL)

- 3/8" to 1-1/4" diameter threaded rod
- No. 3 to No. 10 reinforcing bar

### **SUITABLE BASE MATERIALS**

- · Normal-weight concrete
- · Lightweight concrete
- · Grouted concrete masonry (CMU)
- Hollow concrete masonry (CMU)
- Hollow core concrete
- Brick masonry
- Unreinforced Masonry (URM Walls)

# PERMISSIBLE INSTALLATION CONDITIONS (ADHESIVE)

- Dry concrete
- Water-saturated concrete (wet)
- Water-filled holes (flooded)



### **INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS**

Installation Table for AC100+ Gold (Solid Concrete Base Materials)

Parameter	Symbol	Units			Fr	actional Non	ninal Rod Dia	ameter (Inch	) / Reinforci	ng Bar Size		
Fai ailletei	Syllibol	UIIILS	3/8 or #3	1/2	#4	5/8 or #5	3/4 or #6	7/8 or #7	1 or #8	#9	1-1/4	#10
Threaded rod outside diameter	da (d)	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)		500 2.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	-	1.250 (31.8)	-
Rebar nominal outside diameter	da (d)	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)		500 2.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.7)	-	1.250 (31.8)
Nominal drill bit size (ANSI) <sup>6</sup>	do (dbit)	inch	7/16	9/16	5/8	11/16 or 3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-3/8	1-3/8	1-1/2
Minimum embedment <sup>1</sup>	h <sub>ef,min</sub>	inch (mm)	2-3/8 (60)		3/4 0)	3-1/8 (79)	3-1/2 (89)	3-1/2 (89)	4 (102)	4-1/2 (114)	5 (127)	5 (127)
Maximum embedment <sup>1</sup>	h <sub>ef,max</sub>	inch (mm)	4-1/2 (114)	(1 t	5 52)	7-1/2 (191)	9 (229)	10-1/2 (267)	12 (305)	13-1/2 (343)	15 (381)	15 (381)
Minimum member thickness	h <sub>min</sub>	inch (mm)		+ 1-1/4 + 30)					hef + 2do			
Minimum anchor spacing	Smin	inch (mm)	1-7/8 (48)		1/2 4)	3-1/8 (79)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	6-1/4 (159)
Minimum edge distance (up to 100% T <sub>max</sub> )	Cmin	inch (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2- <sup>-</sup> (6	1/2 4)	3-1/8 (79)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)	6-1/4 (159)
Max. rod torque <sup>2</sup>	T <sub>max</sub>	ft-lbs	15	3	3	60	105	125	165	-	280	-
Minimum edge distance, reduced <sup>4,5</sup>	Cmin,red	inch (mm)	1-3/4 (45)		3/4 5)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	2-3/4 (70)	2-3/4 (70)	2-3/4 (70)
Max. torque <sup>2,3</sup> (low strength rods)	T <sub>max,ls-rod</sub>	ft-lbs	7	2	0	40	60	100	165	-	280	-

For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N-m = 0.7375 ft-lbf. For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lbf = 1.356 N-m.

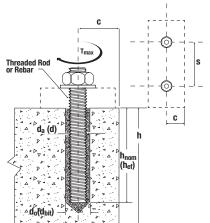
- 1. Embedment range qualified for use with the design provisions of ACI 318 (-19 and -14) Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D as applicable and ICC-ES AC308, and ESR-2582.
- 2. Torque may not be applied to the anchors until the full cure time of the adhesive has been achieved.
- 3. These torque values apply to ASTM A36 / F1554 Grade 36 carbon steel threaded rods and ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M (Class 1) stainless steel threaded rods.
- 4. For installation below the minimum edge distance, cmin, down to the reduced minimum edge distance, cmin,red, the reduced maximum torque is 0.45\*Tmax.
- 5. For installations down to the reduced minimum edge distance, cmin,red, the minimum anchor spacing, smin, is 5da.
- 6. The listed drill bit sizes are also applicable to installations into grouted concrete masonry.

#### Installation Table for AC100+ Gold (Hollow Base Material with Screen Tube)

Parameter	Symbol	Units		Nomina	l Tube Size		Nominal Tube Size - Plastic				
Nominal threaded rod size	-	in.	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3,	/4	3/8	1/2	5/8
Nominal threaded rod diameter	d	in.	0.250	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.7	0.750		0.500	0.625
Reinforcing bar size	-	No.	-	-	#3	#4	#5	#6	-	-	-
Nominal rebar diameter	d	in.	-	-	0.375	0.500	0.625	0.750	-	-	-
Nominal screen tube diameter	-	in.	1/4	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	15/16	3/8	1/2	5/8
Nominal drill bit size (ANSI)	dbit	in.	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	9/16	3/4	7/8
Maximum torque <sup>1</sup>	T <sub>max</sub>	ft-lbs	3	6	10	10	10	10	5	8	8

<sup>1.</sup> Torque may not be applied to the anchors until the full cure time of the adhesive has been achieved.

# Detail of Steel Hardware Elements used with Injection Adhesive System



#### Nomenclature

da (d) = Diameter of anchor

d<sub>o</sub> (d<sub>bit</sub>) = Diameter of drilled hole h = Base material thickness s = Spacing of anchors
c = Edge distance
T<sub>max</sub> = Maximum torque

 $h_{\text{nom}} \left( h_{\text{ef}} \right) = \text{Embedment depth}$ 

#### **Threaded Rod and Deformed Reinforcing Bar Material Properties**

Steel Description (General)	Steel Specification (ASTM)	Nominal Anchor Size (inch/No.)	Minimum Yield Strength, fy (psi)	Minimum Ultimate Strength, fu (psi)
	ASTM A36 and F1554 Grade 36	3/8 through 1-1/4	36,000	58,000
	ASTM F1554 Grade 55	3/8 through 1-1/4	55,000	75,000
Carbon rod	ASTM A449	3/8 through 1	92,000	120,000
	ASTIVI A449	1-1/4	81,000	105,000
	ASTM A193 Grade B7 and F1554 Grade 105	3/8 through 1-1/4	105,000	125,000
	ASTM F593 Condition CW	3/8 through 5/8	65,000	100,000
	ASTIVI F393 CONDITION CW	3/4 through 1-1/4	45,000	85,000
Stainless rod (Alloy 304/316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M, Class 1	3/8 through 1-1/4	30,000	75,000
	ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M2, Class 2B	3/8 through 1-1/4	75,000	95,000
	ASTM A615, A767, Grade 75	#3 through #10	75,000	100,000
Poinforcing Par	ASTM A615, A767, Grade 60	#3 through #10	60,000	90,000
Reinforcing Bar	ASTM A706, A767, Grade 60	#3 through #10	60,000	80,000
[	ASTM A615, A767, Grade 40	#3 through #6	40,000	60,000

Tabulated material properties are provided for reference; other steel hardware elements may also be considered such as ASTM A706 Grade 80 reinforcing bars.

For Unreinforced Masonry (URM Walls) see separate installation details and information in these tech pages for 'Retrofit Bolt Anchors in URM Walls'.



# **PERFORMANCE DATA (ASD)**

# Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for AC100+ Gold Installed into Normal Weight Concrete with Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar (based on bond strength/concrete capacity)<sup>1,2,3,4,5,6</sup>



		Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength											
Nominal Rod	Minimum	f'c = 3,	000 psi	f'c = 4,	000 psi	f'c = 5,	000 psi	f'c = 6,	000 psi				
Diameter or Rebar Size d in. or No.	Embedment Depth h <sub>nom</sub> in.	Ultimate Tension Load Capacity Ibs (kN)	Allowable Tension Load Capacity Ibs (kN)										
	2-3/8	4,840 (21.5)	1,210 (5.4)	5,040 (22.4)	1,260 (5.6)	5,180 (23.0)	1,295 (5.8)	5,320 (23.7)	1,330 (5.9)				
3/8 or #3	3-1/2	7,140 (31.8)	1,785 (7.9)	7,420 (33.0)	1,855 (8.3)	7,640 (34.0)	1,910 (8.5)	7,820 (34.8)	1,955 (8.7)				
	4-1/2	9,180 (40.8)	2,295 (10.2)	9,540 (42.4)	2,385 (10.6)	9,820 (43.7)	2,455 (10.9)	10,060 (44.7)	2,515 (11.2)				
	2-3/4	7,980 (35.5)	1,995 (8.9)	8,280 (36.8)	2,070 (9.2)	8,540 (38.0)	2,135 (9.5)	8,740 (38.9)	2,185 (9.7)				
1/2 or #4	4-3/8	12,720 (56.6)	3,180 (14.1)	13,200 (58.7)	3,300 (14.7)	13,580 (60.4)	3,395 (15.1)	13,900 (61.8)	3,475 (15.5)				
	6	17,420 (77.5)	4,355 (19.4)	18,100 (80.5)	4,525 (20.1)	18,620 (82.8)	4,655 (20.7)	19,080 (84.9)	4,770 (21.2)				
	3-1/8	11,220 (49.9)	2,805 (12.5)	11,660 (51.9)	2,915 (13.0)	12,000 (53.4)	3,000 (13.3)	12,300 (54.7)	3,075 (13.7)				
5/8 or #5	5-1/4	19,200 (85.4)	4,800 (21.4)	19,960 (88.8)	4,990 (22.2)	20,540 (91.4)	5,135 (22.8)	21,020 (93.5)	5,255 (23.4)				
	7-1/2	27,660 (123.0)	6,915 (30.8)	28,720 (127.8)	7,180 (31.9)	29,560 (131.5)	7,390 (32.9)	30,280 (134.7)	7,570 (33.7)				
	3-1/2	13,320 (59.3)	3,330 (14.8)	13,820 (61.5)	3,455 (15.4)	14,220 (63.3)	3,555 (15.8)	14,560 (64.8)	3,640 (16.2)				
3/4 or #6	6-1/4	26,880 (119.6)	6,720 (29.9)	27,900 (124.1)	6,975 (31.0)	28,720 (127.8)	7,180 (31.9)	29,420 (130.9)	7,355 (32.7)				
	9	40,440 (179.9)	10,110 (45.0)	42,000 (186.8)	10,500 (46.7)	43,220 (192.3)	10,805 (48.1)	44,260 (196.9)	11,065 (49.2)				
	3-1/2	13,320 (59.3)	3,330 (14.8)	13,820 (61.5)	3,455 (15.4)	14,220 (63.3)	3,555 (15.8)	14,560 (64.8)	3,640 (16.2)				
7/8 or #7	7	36,680 (163.2)	9,170 (40.8)	38,080 (169.4)	9,520 (42.3)	39,200 (174.4)	9,800 (43.6)	40,140 (178.6)	10,035 (44.6)				
	10-1/2	60,040 (267.1)	15,010 (66.8)	62,340 (277.3)	15,585 (69.3)	64,180 (285.5)	16,045 (71.4)	65,700 (292.2)	16,425 (73.1)				
	4	16,260 (72.3)	4,065 (18.1)	16,880 (75.1)	4,220 (18.8)	17,380 (77.3)	4,345 (19.3)	17,800 (79.2)	4,450 (19.8)				
1 or #8	8	46,540 (207.0)	11,635 (51.8)	48,300 (214.8)	12,075 (53.7)	49,740 (221.3)	12,435 (55.3)	50,920 (226.5)	12,730 (56.6)				
	12	76,820 (341.7)	19,205 (85.4)	79,740 (354.7)	19,935 (88.7)	82,080 (365.1)	20,520 (91.3)	84,060 (373.9)	21,015 (93.5)				
	5	22,740 (101.2)	5,685 (25.3)	23,600 (105.0)	5,900 (26.2)	24,300 (108.1)	6,075 (27.0)	24,880 (110.7)	6,220 (27.7)				
1-1/4 or #10	10	65,880 (293.0)	16,470 (73.3)	68,400 (304.3)	17,100 (76.1)	70,420 (313.2)	17,605 (78.3)	72,100 (320.7)	18,025 (80.2)				
	15	93,775 (417.1)	23,445 (104.3)	97,350 (433.1)	24,340 (108.3)	100,225 (445.8)	25,055 (111.5)	102,615 (456.5)	25,655 (114.1)				

- 1. Allowable load capacities listed are calculated using an applied safety factor of 4.0 which includes an assessment of freezing/thawing conditions and sensitivity to sustained loads (i.e. creep resistance). Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety or overhead.
- 2. Linear interpolation may be used to determine allowable loads for intermediate embedments and compressive strengths.
- 3. The tabulated load values are applicable to single anchors installed at critical edge and spacing distances of 3 times embedment and where the minimum member thickness is the greater of [hnom + 1-1/4] and [hnom + 2doit].
- 4. The tabulated load values are applicable for dry uncracked concrete installed into holes drilled with a hammer drill and an ANSI carbide drill bit. Installations into saturated (wet) concrete or water-filled holes require a reduction in capacity for tabulated values of 15 percent or 50 percent, respectively.
- 5. Adhesives experience reductions in capacity at elevated temperatures. See the In-Service Temperature chart for allowable loads capacity reduction factors.
- 6. Allowable bond strength/concrete capacity must be checked against allowable steel strength to determine the controlling allowable load. Allowable shear capacity is controlled by allowable steel strength for the given conditions.



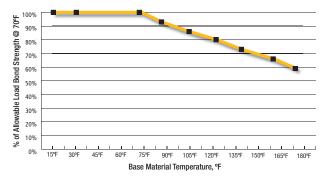


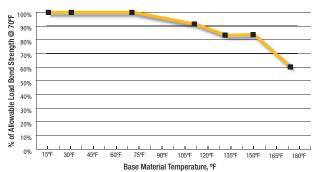
# Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar (Based on Steel Strength)1,23,4

							Steel Ele	ements -	Threaded	l Rod an	d Reinfor	cing Bar						
Nominal Rod Diameter or Rebar	A36 or F1554, Grade 36 A36 or F1554, Grade 55			A193, Grade B7 or F1554, F593, Grade 105		F593, C	F593, CW (SS) ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar		le 40	ASTM A615 Grade 60 Rebar		ASTM A706 Grade 60 Rebar		ASTM A615 Grade 75 Rebar		ASTM A706 Grade 80 Rebar		
Size (in. or No.)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs (kN)
3/8 or #3	2,115 (9.4)	1,090 (4.8)	2,735 (12.2)	1,410 (6.3)	4,555 (20.3)	2,345 (10.4)	3,645 (16.2)	1,880 (8.4)	2,210 (9.8)	1,125 (5.0)	2,650 (11.8)	1,690 (7.5)	2,650 (11.8)	1,500 (6.7)	2,650 (11.8)	1,875 (8.3)	2,650 (11.8)	1,875 (8.3)
1/2 or #4	3,760 (16.7)	1,935 (8.6)	4,860 (21.6)	2,505 (11.1)	8,100 (36.0)	4,170 (18.5)	6,480 (28.8)	3,340 (14.9)	3,925 (17.5)	2,005 (8.9)	4,710 (21.0)	3,005 (13.4)	4,710 (21.0)	2,670 (11.9)	4,710 (21.0)	3,335 (14.8)	4,710 (21.0)	3,335 (14.8)
5/8 or #5	5,870 (26.1)	3,025 (13.5)	7,595 (33.8)	3,910 (17.4)	12,655 (56.3)	6,520 (29.0)	10,125 (45.0)	5,215 (23.2)	6,135 (27.3)	3,130 (13.9)	7,365 (32.8)	4,695 (20.9)	7,365 (32.8)	4,170 (18.5)	7,365 (32.8)	5,215 (23.2)	7,365 (32.8)	5,215 (23.2)
3/4 or #6	8,455 (37.6)	4,355 (19.4)	10,935 (48.6)	5,635 (25.1)	18,225 (81.1)	9,390 (41.8)	12,390 (55.1)	6,385 (28.4)	8,835 (39.3)	4,505 (20.0)	10,605 (47.2)	6,760 (30.1)	10,605 (47.2)	6,010 (26.7)	10,605 (47.2)	7,510 (33.4)	10,605 (47.2)	7,510 (33.4)
7/8 or #7	11,510 (51.2)	5,930 (26.4)	14,885 (66.2)	7,665 (34.1)	24,805 (110.3)	12,780 (56.8)	16,865 (75.0)	8,690 (38.7)	-	-	14,430 (64.2)	9,200 (40.9)	14,430 (64.2)	8,180 (36.4)	14,430 (64.2)	10,220 (45.5)	14,430 (64.2)	10,220 (45.5)
1 or #8	15,035 (66.9)	7,745 (34.5)	19,440 (86.5)	10,015 (44.5)	32,400 (144.1)	16,690 (74.2)	22,030 (98.0)	11,350 (50.5)	-	-	18,850 (83.8)	12,015 (53.4)	18,850 (83.8)	10,680 (47.5)	18,850 (83.8)	13,350 (59.4)	18,850 (83.8)	13,350 (59.4)
#9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,985 (106.7)	15,290 (68.0)	23,985 (106.7)		23,985 (106.7)		23,985 (106.7)	16,990 (75.6)
1-1/4	23,490 (104.5)		30,375 (135.1)	15,645 (69.6)		26,080 (116.0)		17,735 (78.9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
#10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,405 (135.2)		30,405 (135.2)		30,405 (135.2)		30,405 (135.2)	

- 1. AISC defined steel strength (ASD) for threaded rod: Tensile = 0.33  $\bullet$  Fu  $\bullet$  Anom, Shear = 0.17  $\bullet$  Fu  $\bullet$  Anom
- 2. For reinforcing bars: The allowable steel tensile strength is based on 20 ksi for Grade 40 and 24 ksi for Grade 60 and higher, applied to the cross sectional area of the bar; allowable steel shear strength = 0.17 • Fu • Anom
- 3. Allowable load capacities are calculated for the steel element type. Consideration of applying additional safety factors may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety
- Allowable steel strength in tension must be checked against allowable bond strength/concrete capacity in tension to determine the controlling allowable load.

#### **In-Service Temperature Chart For Allowable Load Capacities Concrete Base Materials Masonry Units**





# ANCHORS & FASTENERS

# Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with AC100+ Gold into Grout-Filled Concrete Masonry (Based on Bond Strength/Masonry Strength)<sup>1,2,3,7,9,12</sup>



Anchor Diameter d inch	Minimum Embedment hnom inch	Critical Spacing Distance Sar inch	Minimum Edge Distance Cmin inch	Minimum End Distance Cmin inch	Tension Load lbs	Direction of Shear Loading	Shear Load lbs			
		And	chor Installed Into Gr	outed Masonry Wall	Faces 4,5,6,8,10,11,13					
			3	3	615	Towards Edge/End	275			
3/8	3	6	3	3	010	Away From Edge/End	340			
3/0	3	U	3	4	735	Any	490			
			12	12	960	Any	855			
			3	3	720	Towards Edge/End	430			
	1/2 4	8	3	3	720	Away From Edge/End	1320			
1/2			4	4		Any	655			
1/2	4		12	12	960	Towards Edge/End	1430			
			12	12		Away From Edge/End	1760			
			7-3/4 (Bed Joint)	3	935	Load To Edge	460			
			3	3	710	Towards Edge/End	460			
			3	3	710	Away From Edge/End	1410			
5/8	5	10	12	12	1095	Towards Edge/End	1530			
			12	12	1093	Away From Edge/End	1880			
			7-3/4 (Bed Joint)	3	1030	Load To Edge	590			
						4	4	755	Towards Edge/End	630
			4	4	755	Away From Edge/End	1450			
3/4	6	12	12	12	1160	Towards Edge/End	1570			
			12	12	1100	Away From Edge/End	1930			
			7-3/4 (Bed Joint)	4	945	Load To Edge	565			

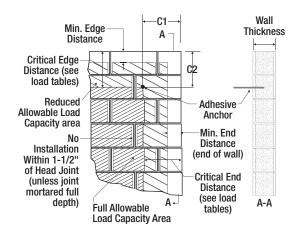
#### **Anchor Installed Into Tops of Grouted Masonry Walls**<sup>14,15</sup>

Anchor Diameter d inch	Minimum Embedment h.om inch	Minimum Spacing Distance	Minimum Edge Distance Cmin inch	Minimum End Distance Cmin inch	Tension Load lbs	Direction of Shear Loading	Shear Load lbs
	2-3/4			4	595	Any	300
4		1 anchor per cell	ĺ	3	520	Load To Edge	190
1/2	4		1-3/4	3	1670	Load To End	300
	10	1 anchor per block		10-1/2		Load To Edge	190
	10	i anchor per block		10-1/2	1070	Load To End	300
	5	1 anabar nar aall		3	745	Load To Edge	240
5/8	5	1 anchor per cell		3	740	Load To End	300
3/6	12-1/2	1 anahar nar blaak		10-1/2	2095	Load To Edge	240
, F	12-1/2	1 anchor per block	1-3/4	10-1/2	2090	Load To End	300
3/4	6	1 anobor per cell	1-3/4	4	1260	Load To Edge	410
	6	1 anchor per cell		4	1200	Load To End	490

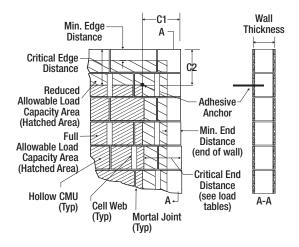
- 1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in nominal 8-inch wide (203 mm) Grade N, Type II, lightweight, medium-weight or normal-weight grout filled concrete masonry units with a minimum masonry strength, f'm, of 1,500 psi (10.3 MPa) conforming to ASTM C90. If the specified compressive strength of the masonry, f'm, is 2,000 psi (13.8 MPa) minimum the tabulated values may be increased by 4 percent (multiplied by 1.04).
- 2. Allowable bond or masonry strengths in tension and shear are calculated using a safety factor of 5.0 and must be checked against the allowable tension and shear capacities for threaded rod based on steel strength to determine the controlling factor. See allowable load table based on steel strength.
- 3. Embedment is measured from the outside surface of the concrete masonry unit to the embedded end of the anchor.
- 4. Anchors may be installed in the grouted cells, cell webs and bed joints not closer than 1-1/2-inch from the vertical mortar joint (head joint) provided the minimum edge and end distances are maintained. Anchors may be placed in the head joint if the vertical joint is mortared full-depth.
- 5. A maximum of two anchors may be installed in a single masonry cell in accordance with the spacing and edge or end distance requirements.
- 6. The critical spacing, s<sub>cr</sub>, for use with the anchor values shown in this table is 16 anchor diameters. The critical spacing, s<sub>cr</sub>, distance is the distance where the full load values in the table may be used. The minimum spacing distance, s<sub>min</sub>, is the minimum anchor spacing for which values are available and installation is permitted. For 3/8-inch diameter anchors, the spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters when using a tension reduction factor of 0.70 and a shear reduction factor of 0.45. For 1/2-inch and 5/8-inch diameter anchors, the spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters when using a tension reduction factor of 0.85 and a shear reduction factor of 0.45. For 3/4-inch diameter anchors, the spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters when using a tension reduction factor of 1.00 and a shear reduction factor of 0.45.
- 7. Spacing distance is measured from the centerline to centerline between two anchors.
- 8. The minimum edge or end distance, c<sub>min</sub>, is the minimum distance for which values are available and installation is permitted.
- 9. Edge or end distance is measured from anchor centerline to the closest unrestrained edge.
- 10. Linear interpolation of load values between the minimum spacing, smin, and critical spacing, scr, distances and between minimum edge or end distance, cmin is permitted.
- 11. The tabulated values are applicable for anchors in the ends of grout-filled concrete masonry units where minimum edge and end distances are maintained.
- 12. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.
- 13. Concrete masonry width (wall thickness) must be equal to or greater than 1.5 times the anchor embedment depth (e.g. 3/8-inch and 1/2-inch diameter anchors are permitted in nominally 6-inch-thick concrete masonry). The 5/8-inch and 3/4-inch diameter anchors must be installed in minimum nominally 8-inch-thck concrete masonry.
- 14. Anchors must be installed into the grouted cell; anchors are not permitted to be installed in a head joint, flange or web of the concrete masonry unit.
- 15. Allowable shear loads parallel or perpendicular to the edge of a masonry wall may be applied in or out of plane.



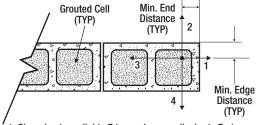
# AC100+ Gold Adhesive Anchors Installed into Grouted Concrete Masonry Wall



# AC100+ Gold Adhesive Anchors Installed into Hollow Concrete Masonry Wall

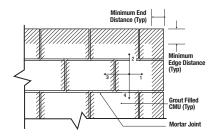


# **AC100+ Gold Adhesive Anchors Installed into Top of Grouted Concrete Masonry Wall**



- 1. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular to End
- 2. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular to Edge
- 3. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular away
- 4. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular to opposite Edge

### **Direction of Shear Loading in Relation to Edge and End of Masonry Wall**



- 1. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular to End
- 2. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular to Edge
- 3. Shear load parallel to Edge and perpendicular away from End
- 4. Shear load parallel to End and perpendicular away from Edge



# Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with AC100+ Gold into Hollow Concrete Masonry Walls with Stainless Steel and Plastic Screen Tubes 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13



A 1			Critical			Allowable Load		
Anchor Diameter d inch	Screen Tube type	Minimum Embedment h <sub>nom</sub> inch	Spacing Distance Scr inch	Minimum Edge Distance Cmin inch	Minimum End Distance Cmin inch	Tension Load lbs	Direction of Shear Loading	Shear Load lbs
				1-1/2	1-1/2	280	Towards Edge/End	140
1/4	Stainless Steel	1-1/4	4	1-1/2	1-1/2	200	Away From Edge/End	235
1/4	Stalliless Steel	1-1/4	4	3	3	350	Towards Edge/End	275
				3	3	330	Away From Edge/End	465
				1-7/8	1-7/8	320	Towards Edge/End	145
	Stainless Steel	1-1/4	6	1-7/8	1-7/8	320	Away From Edge/End	245
3/8	Stall liess Steel	1-1/4	0	3-3/4	3-3/4	400	Towards Edge/End	290
0/0				3-3/4	3-3/4	400	Away From Edge/End	490
	Plastic	1-1/4	1 anchor per cell	3	3	140	Towards Edge/End	235
		inless Steel 1-1/4		3-3/4	3-3/4	380	Towards Edge/End	215
	Stainless Steel		8	3-3/4	3-3/4	300	Away From Edge/End	365
1/2	Stall liess Steel	1-1/4	0	11-1/4	11-1/4	400	Towards Edge/End	430
1/2				11-1/4	11-1/4	400	Away From Edge/End	730
	Plastic	1-1/4	1 anchor per cell	3	3	150	Towards Edge/End	215
				3-3/4	3-3/4	380	Towards Edge/End	215
	Stainless Steel	1-1/4	8	3-3/4	3-3/4	300	Away From Edge/End	365
5/8	Stall liess steel	1-1/4	0	11-1/4	11-1/4	400	Towards Edge/End	430
3/0				11-1/4	11-1/4	400	Away From Edge/End	730
	Plastic	1-1/4	1 anchor per cell	3	3	150	Towards Edge/End	215
				3-3/4	3-3/4	380	Towards Edge/End	215
3/4	Stainless Steel	1 1/4	0	3-3/4	3-3/4	300	Away From Edge/End	365
3/4	Stall liess Steel	1-1/4	8	11-1/4	11-1/4	400	Towards Edge/End	430
				11-1/4	11-1/4	400	Away From Edge/End	730

- Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in hollow concrete masonry with minimum masonry strength, f'm, of 1,500 psi (10.3 MPa). Concrete masonry units must be lightweight, medium-weight or normal-weight conforming to ASTM C90. Allowable loads have been calculated using a safety factor of 5.0.
- 2. Anchors must be installed into the hollow cell; anchors are not permitted to be installed in a mortar joint, flange or web of the concrete masonry unit.
- 3. A maximum of two anchor may be installed in a single masonry cell in accordance with the spacing and edge distance requirements, except as noted in the table.
- 4. Embedment is measured from the outside surface of the concrete masonry unit to the embedded end of the anchor.
- 5. Edge or end distance is measured from anchor centerline to the closest unrestrained edge of the CMU block.
- 6. The critical spacing,  $s_{cr}$ , for use with the anchor values shown in this table is 16 anchor diameters, except as noted in the table. The critical spacing,  $s_{cr}$ , distance is the distance where the full load values in the table may be used. The minimum spacing distance, smin, is the minimum anchor spacing for which values are available and installation is permitted. The spacing may be reduced to 8 anchor diameters by multiplying the tension load value by a reduction factor of 0.60 and multiplying the shear load value by a reduction factor of 0.45.
- 7. Spacing distance is measured from the centerline to centerline between two anchors.
- 8. Linear interpolation of load values between the minimum spacing, smin, and critical spacing, sc, distances and between minimum edge or end distance, cmin, is permitted if applicable.
- 9. Concrete masonry width (wall thickness) may be minimum nominal 6-inch-thick provided the minimum embedment (i.e. face shell thickness) is maintained.
- 10. The tabulated values are applicable for anchors in the ends of hollow concrete masonry units where minimum face shell thickness, minimum edge and end distances are maintained.
- 11. Anchors are recognized to resist dead, live and wind loads.
- 12. Allowable loads must be the lesser of the adjusted masonry or bond values tabulated above and the steel strength values.
- 13. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.



# Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for AC100+ Gold into Precast Hollow Core Concrete with Threaded Rod and Stainless Steel Screen Tubes 1,2,3,4,5,6,7



Anchor	Drill Bit		Minimum End	Minimum Edge	Ultimat	te Load	Allowable Load		
Diameter d in.	Diameter dbit in.	h <sub>nom</sub> in. (mm)	Distance in. (mm)	Distance in. (mm)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	
1/4	3/8	1-1/2 (38)	4 (102)	4 (102)	900 (4.0)	1,550 (6.9)	180 (0.8)	310 (1.4)	
3/8	1/2	1-1/2 (38)	6 (152)	6 (152)	1,975 (8.8)	3,650 (16.2)	395 (1.8)	730 (3.2)	
1/2	5/8	1-1/2 (38)	8 (203)	8 (203)	4,400 (19.6)	5,875 (26.1)	880 (3.9)	1,175 (5.2)	

- 1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in precast hollow core concrete with minimum strength, f'm, of 5,000 psi (34.5 MPa). Allowable loads have been calculated using a safety factor of 5.0. The allowable load capacities may be increased by a factor of (f 'c / 5000)\*\*13 for concrete compressive strength between 5,000 psi and 8000 psi.
- 2. Anchors must be installed into the hollow core; anchors are not permitted to be installed in a cell web of the hollow core concrete member.
- 3. Embedment is measured from the outside surface of the concrete masonry unit to the embedded end of the anchor.
- 4. Edge or end distance is measured from anchor centerline to the closest unrestrained edge of the concrete member.
- The tabulated values are for anchors installed at a minimum of 16 anchor diameters on center for 100 percent capacity. Spacing distance is measured from the centerline to centerline between
- 6. Allowable loads must be the lesser of the adjusted masonry or bond values tabulated above and the steel strength values.
- 7. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.

### Ultimate and Allowable Load Capacities for Threaded Rod Installed with AC100+ Gold into Brick Masonry Walls 1234



Anchor	Drill	Minimum	Minimum End	Minimum Edge	Ultimat	te Load	Allowali	le Load	
Diameter d in.	Diameter dbit in.	Embedment hnom in. (mm)	Distance in. (mm)	Distance in. (mm)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	Tension lbs. (kN)	Shear lbs. (kN)	
			<b>Anchors Installed</b>	into the Face of Br	ick Masonry Walls				
		3-1/2 (89)	2-1/2 (64)	2-1/2 (64)	3,600 (16.0)	4,505 (20.0)	720 (3.2)	900 (4.0)	
3/8	1/2	3-1/2 (89)	6 (152)	6 (152)	5,845 (26.0)	4,580 (20.4)	1,170 (5.2)	915 (4.1)	
		6 (152)	6 (152)	6 (152)	10,420 (46.4)	4,580 (20.4)	2,085 (9.3)	915 (4.1)	
1/2	5/8	6 (152)	8 (203)	8 (203)	11,500 (51.2)	9,300 (41.4)	2,300 (10.2)	1,860 (8.3)	
5/8	3/4	3-1/8 (79)	9-1/2 (241)	9-1/2 (241)	4,715 (21.0)	7,700 (34.3)	945 (4.2)	1,540 (6.6)	
3/6	3/4	6 (152)	9-1/2 (241)	9-1/2 (241)	9,925 (44.2)	7,700 (34.3)	1,985 (8.8)	1,540 (6.6)	
Anchors Installed into the Top of Brick Masonry Walls									
3/8	1/2	3-1/2 (89)	2-1/2 (64)	2-1/2 (64)	3,665 (16.3)	2,435 (10.8)	735 (3.3)	485 (2.2)	

- 1. Tabulated load values are for anchors installed in minimum 2 wythe, Grade SW, solid clay brick masonry conforming to ASTM C 62. Mortar and minimum mortar strength must meet Type N, S or M.
- 2. Allowable loads are calculated using an applied safety factor or 5.0. Consideration of safety factors of 10 or higher may be necessary depending on the application, such as life safety.
- 3. Allowable loads apply to installations in the face of brick or mortar joint. The tabulated values are for anchors installed at a minimum of 16 anchor diameters on center for 100 percent capacity.
- 4. The tabulated values must be adjusted for increased in-service base material temperatures in accordance with the In-Service Temperature chart, as applicable.



Allowable Load Capacities AC100+ Gold with for Threaded Rods and Reinforcing Bars or Rebar Dowel Installed in Unreinforced Masonry Walls with Stainless Steel Screen Tubes<sup>1,2</sup> (Retrofit Bolt Anchors in URM Walls with Low Minimum Mortar Strengths)



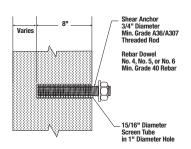


Figure 1

**Shear Anchor – Configuration A (See Figure 1)** 

Rod Dia. or Rebar Size d in.	Minimum Embed. hoom in. (mm)	Minimum Wall Thickness in. (mm)	Allowable Tension Ibs. (kN)	Allowable Shear Ibs. (kN)
3/4	8 (203)	13 (330)	See note 3	1,000 (4.5)
No. 4	8 (203)	13 (330)	See note 3	500 (2.3)
No. 5	8 (203)	13 (330)	See note 3	750 (3.4)
No. 6	8 (203)	13 (330)	See note 3	1,000 (4.5)

- 1. Allowable load values are applicable only where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 35 psi net.
- 2. The anchors installed in unreinforced brick walls are limited to resisting seismic or wind loads only.
- 3. Tension loading for these anchors is outside the scope of ICC-ES ESR-4105 and AC60.

# 1" Minimum 15/16" Diameter Screen Tube in 1" Diameter Hole 22-1/2 3/4" Diameter Min. Grade A36/A307 Threaded Rod (Bent) 22-1/2

Figure 2

# 22-1/2° Combination Anchor – Configuration B (See Figure 2)

Rod Dia. d in.	Minimum Embed. h in. (mm)	Minimum Wall Thickness in. (mm)	Allowable Tension Ibs. (kN)	Allowable Shear Ibs. (kN)
3/4	Within 1 inch (25mm) of opposite wall surface	13 (330)	1,200 (5.4)	1,000 (4.5)

- 1. Allowable load values are applicable only where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 35 psi net.
- 2. The anchors installed in unreinforced brick walls are limited to resisting seismic or wind loads only.

Anchor Description	Minimum Vertical Spacing in.	Minimum Horizontal Spacing in.	Minimum Edge Distance in.
Shear Anchor - Configuration A (See Figure 1)	16	16	16
22-1/2° Combination Anchor - Configuration B (See Figure 2)	16	16	16



#### STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION

#### Steel Tension and Shear Design for Threaded Rod in Normal Weight Concrete





				Nominal Rod Diameter' (inch)							
	Design Information	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/4	
Threaded rod	nominal outside diameter	da	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.250 (31.8)	
Threaded rod	effective cross-sectional area	Ase	inch² (mm²)	0.0775 (50)	0.1419 (92)	0.2260 (146)	0.3345 (216)	0.4617 (298)	0.6057 (391)	0.9691 (625)	
	Nominal strength as governed by	N <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	4,495 (20.0)	8,230 (36.6)	13,110 (58.3)	19,400 (86.3)	26,780 (119.1)	35,130 (156.3)	56,210 (250.0)	
ASTM A36 and	steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	2,695 (12.0)	4,940 (22.0)	7,860 (35.0)	11,640 (51.8)	16,070 (71.4)	21,080 (93.8)	33,725 (150.0)	
ASTM F1554 Grade 36	Reduction factor for seismic shear	€ CV,seis	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	
Grado oo	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>	φ	-	0.75							
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>	φ	-				0.65				
	Nominal strength as governed by	Nsa	lbf (kN)	5,810 (25.9)	10,640 (47.3)	16,950 (75.4)	25,085 (111.6)	34,625 (154.0)	45,425 (202.0)	72,680 (323.3)	
ASTM F1554 Grade 55	steel strength(for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	3,485 (15.5)	6,385 (28.4)	10,170 (45.2)	15,050 (67.0)	20,775 (92.4)	27,255 (121.2)	43,610 (194.0)	
Grade 55	Reduction factor for seismic shear	OtV,seis ,	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>	φ	-				0.75				
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>	φ	-	0.005	17 705	00.050	0.65	F7 710	75 710	101 105	
ASTM A193	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	Nsa	lbf (kN)	9,685 (43.1)	17,735 (78.9)	28,250 (125.7)	41,810 (186.0)	57,710 (256.7)	75,710 (336.8)	121,135 (538.8)	
Grade B7 and		V <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	5,815 (25.9)	10,640 (7.3)	16,950 (75.4)	25,085 (111.6)	34,625 (154.0)	45,425 (202.1)	72,680 (323.3)	
ASTM F1554 Grade 105	Reduction factor for seismic shear  Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>	ON,seis φ	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80 0.75	0.80	0.80	0.80	
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>	$\phi$	-				0.75				
	Nominal strength as	Nsa	lbf (kN)	9,300 (41.4)	17,025 (75.7)	27,120 (120.6)	40,140 (178.5)	55,905 (248.7)	72,685 (323.3)	101,755 (452.6)	
ASTM A449	governed by steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	5,580 (24.8)	10,215 (45.4)	16,270 (72.4)	24,085 (107.1)	33,540 (149.2)	43,610 (194.0)	61,050 (271.6)	
AOTIVI A443	Reduction factor for seismic shear	Ot√,seis	-	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>	φ	-				0.75				
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>	φ	-				0.65				
	Nominal strength as governed by	$N_{sa}$	lbf (kN)	7,750 (34.5)	14,190 (63.1)	22,600 (100.5)	28,430 (126.5)	39,245 (174.6)	51,485 (229.0)	82,370 (366.4)	
ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	4,650 (20.7)	8,515 (37.9)	13,560 (60.3)	17,060 (75.9)	23,545 (104.7)	30,890 (137.4)	49,425 (219.8)	
and 316)	Reduction factor for seismic shear	C/V,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>3</sup>	φ	-				0.65	-			
ASTM A193	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>3</sup>	φ N <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	4,420 (19.7)	8,090 (36.0)	12,880 (57.3)	19,065 (84.8)	26,315 (117.1)	34,525 (153.6)	55,240 (245.7)	
Grade B8/B8M, Class 1	Nominal strength as governed by steel strength (for a single anchor) <sup>4</sup>	Vsa	lbf (kN)	2,650 (11.8)	4,855 (21.6)	7,730 (34.4)	11,440 (50.9)	15,790 (70.2)	20,715 (92.1)	33,145 (147.4)	
Stainless (Types 304	Reduction factor for seismic shear	€V,seis	(KIN) -	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	
and 316)	and 316) Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>		-				0.75				
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>		-	7.005	10 100	04 470	0.65	40.000	F =	00.005	
ASTM A193 Grade B8/	Nominal strength as governed by	N <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	7,365 (32.8)	13,480 (60.0)	21,470 (95.5)	31,775 (141.3)	43,860 (195.1)	57,545 (256.0)	92,065 (409.5)	
B8M2, Class 2B	steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	4,420 (19.7)	8,085 (36.0)	12,880 (57.3)	19,065 (84.8)	26,315 (117.1)	34,525 (153.6)	55,240 (245.7)	
Stainless (Types 304	Reduction factor for seismic shear	C/V,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	
and 316)	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>	φ	-	-			0.75				
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>	φ	-	0.65							

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inches, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

-REV.I

<sup>1.</sup> Values provided for steel element material types are based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2 and Eq. 17.7.1.2(b), ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29), as applicable, except where noted. Nuts and washers must be appropriate for the rod. Nuts must have specified proof load stresses equal to or greater than the minimum tensile strength of the specified threaded rod.

<sup>2.</sup> The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to ductile steel elements.

The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of  $\phi$  must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements

<sup>4.</sup> In accordance with ACI 318-19 Eg. 17.6.1.2 and Eg. 17.7.1.2(b), ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2 and 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2 and D.6.1.2, as applicable, the calculated values for nominal tension and shear strength for ASTM A193 Grade B8/B8M Class 1 stainless steel threaded rods are based on limiting the specified tensile strength of the anchor steel to 1.9f<sub>y</sub> or 57,000 psi (393 MPa).



# Steel Tension and Shear Design for Reinforcing Bars in Normal Weight Concrete





						Nomina	l Reinforcin	g Bar Size	(Rebar) <sup>1</sup>		
	Design Information	Symbol	Units	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10
Rebar nomir	nal outside diameter	da	inch (mm)	0.375 (9.5)	0.500 (12.7)	0.625 (15.9)	0.750 (19.1)	0.875 (22.2)	1.000 (25.4)	1.125 (28.7)	1.250 (32.3)
Rebar effect	ive cross-sectional area	Ase	inch² (mm²)	0.110 (71.0)	0.200 (129.0)	0.310 (200.0)	0.440 (283.9)	0.600 (387.1)	0.790 (509.7)	1.000 (645.2)	1.270 (819.4)
	Nominal strength as governed by	Nsa	lbf (kN)	11,000 (48.9)	20,000 (89.0)	31,000 (137.9)	44,000 (195.7)	60,000 (266.9)	79,000 (351.4)	100,000 (444.8)	127,000 (564.9)
ASTM A615	steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	6,600 (29.4)	12,000 (53.4)	18,600 (82.7)	26,400 (117.4)	36,000 (160.1)	47,400 (210.8)	60,000 (266.9)	76,200 (338.9)
Grade 75	Reduction factor for seismic shear	<b>⊘</b> tV,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>3</sup>	$\phi$	-	0.65							
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>3</sup>	$\phi$	-				0.	60			
	Nominal strength as governed by	N <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	9,900 (44.0)	18,000 (80.1)	27,900 (124.1)	39,600 (176.1)	54,000 (240.2)	71,100 (316.3)	90,000 (400.3)	114,300 (508.4)
ASTM A615 Grade 60	steel strength (for a single anchor)	V <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	5,940 (26.4)	10,800 (48.0)	16,740 (74.5)	23,760 (105.7)	32,400 (144.1)	42,660 (189.8)	54,000 (240.2)	68,580 (305.0)
Grade 60	Reduction factor for seismic shear	<b>€</b> V,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>3</sup>	φ	-	0.65							
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>3</sup>	$\phi$	-				0.	60			
	Nominal strength as governed by	N <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	8,800 (39.1)	16,000 (71.2)	24,800 (110.3)	35,200 (156.6)	48,000 (213.5)	63,200 (281.1)	80,000 (355.9)	101,600 (452.0)
ASTM A706	steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	5,280 (23.5)	9,600 (42.7)	14,880 (66.2)	21,120 (94.0)	28,800 (128.1)	37,920 (168.7)	48,000 (213.5)	60,960 (271.2)
Grade 60	Reduction factor for seismic shear	<b>€</b> V,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>2</sup>	φ	-				0.	75			
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>2</sup>	$\phi$	-			_	0.	65			
	Nominal strength as governed by	N <sub>sa</sub>	lbf (kN)	6,600 (29.4)	12,000 (53.4)	18,600 (82.7)	26,400 (117.4)	In accord	ance with A	STM A 615,	Grade 40
ASTM A615	steel strength (for a single anchor)	Vsa	lbf (kN)	3,960 (17.6)	7,200 (32.0)	11,160 (49.6)	15,840 (70.5)		s are furnish	ned only in s ough No. 6	
Grade 40	Reduction factor for seismic shear	<b>⊘</b> tv,seis	-	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80				
	Strength reduction factor for tension <sup>3</sup>	$\phi$	-	0.65							
	Strength reduction factor for shear <sup>3</sup>	$\phi$	-	0.60							

- 1. Values provided for reinforcing bar material types based on minimum specified strengths and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. 17.6.1.2 and Eq. 17.7.1.2(b), ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.4.1.2 and Eq. 17.5.1.2b or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-2), as applicable.
- 2. The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of  $\phi$  must be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.10.5.3(a)(vi), ACI 318-14 17.2.3.4.3(a)(vi) or ACI 318-19 10.3.3.4.3(a)(a), as applicable, deformed reinforcing bars meeting this specification used as ductile steel elements to resist earthquake effects shall be limited to reinforcing bars satisfying the requirements of ACI 318-19 20.2.2, ACI 318-14 20.2.2.4 and 20.2.2.5 or ACI 318-11 21.1.5.2 (a) and (b), as applicable.
- 3. The tabulated value of φ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ must be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4. Values correspond to brittle steel elements.



# **Concrete Breakout Design Information for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bars**



					Nominal Roo	l Diameter (in	ch) / Reinford	ing Bar Size		
Design Information	Symbol	Units	3/8 or #3	1/2 or #4	5/8 or #5	3/4 or #6	7/8 or #7	1 or #8	#9	1-1/4 or #10
Effectiveness factor for cracked concrete	K <sub>c,cr</sub>	- (SI)	Not Applicable				17 (7.1)			
Effectiveness factor for uncracked concrete	K <sub>c,uncr</sub>	- (SI)				2 (10	4 ).0)			
Minimum embedment	h <sub>ef,min</sub>	inch (mm)	2-3/8 (60)	2-3/4 (70)	3-1/8 (79)	3-1/2 (89)	3-1/2 (89)	4 (102)	4-1/2 (114)	5 (127)
Maximum embedment	h <sub>ef,max</sub>	inch (mm)	4-1/2 (114)	6 (152)	7-1/2 (191)	9 (229)	10-1/2 (267)	12 (305)	13-1/2 (343)	15 (381)
Minimum anchor spacing	Smin	inch (mm)	1-7/8 (48)	2-1/2 (64)	3-1/8 (79)	3-3/4 (95)	4-3/8 (111)	5 (127)	5-5/8 (143)	6-1/4 (159)
Minimum edge distance <sup>2</sup>	Cmin	inch (mm)			5 <i>d</i> where <i>d</i> is	s nominal outs	side diameter	of the anchor		
Minimum edge distance, reduced <sup>2</sup> (45% T <sub>max</sub> )	C <sub>min,red</sub>	inch (mm)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	1-3/4 (45)	2-3/4 (70)	2-3/4 (70)
Minimum member thickness	h <sub>min</sub>	inch (mm)		1-1/4 + 30)		h <sub>ef</sub> -	- 2d₀ where d	is hole diam	eter;	
Critical edge distance—splitting		inch			Cac	$= h_{ef} \cdot (\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{1160})$	0.4 · [3.1-0.7	h lef]		
(for uncracked concrete only) <sup>3</sup>	Cac	(mm)	) $c_{ac} = h_{ef} \cdot (\frac{\tau_{uncr}}{8})^{0.4} \cdot [3.1  0.7 \frac{h}{h_{ef}}]$							
Strength reduction factor for tension, concrete failure modes, Condition B <sup>4</sup>	φ	-	0.65							
Strength reduction factor for shear, concrete failure modes, Condition B <sup>4</sup>	φ	-	0.70							

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 N = 0.2248 lbf.

- 1. Additional setting information is described in the installation instructions.
- 2. For installation between the minimum edge distance, c<sub>min</sub>, and the reduced minimum edge distance, c<sub>min,red</sub>, the maximum torque applied must be reduced (multiplied) by a factor of 0.45.
- 3.  $\tau_{\text{kunor}}$  need not be taken as greater than:  $\tau_{\text{kunor}} = \frac{\text{kunor}}{\tau} \cdot \sqrt{h_{\text{ef}} \cdot f'_{\text{C}}}$  and  $\frac{h}{h_{\text{ef}}}$  need not be taken as larger than 2.4.
- 4. Condition A requires supplemental reinforcement, while Condition B applies where supplemental reinforcement is not provided or where pryout governs, as set forth in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. The tabulated value of  $\phi$  applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2, as applicable, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of  $\phi$  must be determined in accordance with ACl 318 D.4.4.



# **Bond Strength Design Information for Threaded Rods**



Desire lef		Complet	Halta		Nomir	nal Rod Diam	eter (inch) / i	Reinforcing B	ar Size	
Design Info	ormation	Symbol	Units	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/4
Minimum er	mbedment	h <sub>ef,min</sub>	inch (mm)	2-3/8 (60)	2-3/4 (70)	3-1/8 (79)	3-1/2 (89)	3-1/2 (89)	4 (102)	5 (127)
Maximum ei	mbedment	h <sub>ef,max</sub>	inch (mm)	4-1/2 (114)	6 (152)	7-1/2 (191)	9 (229)	10-1/2 (267)	12 (305)	15 (381)
Temperature Range A 122°F (50°C)	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete <sup>4,7</sup>	$ au_{k,cr}$	psi (N/mm²)	Not Applicable	498 (3.4)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	519 (3.6)	525 (3.6)
Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature <sup>3,4</sup>	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete <sup>4,8</sup>	$\mathcal{T}$ k,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	823 (5.7)	water-fi	588 (4.1) licable in lled hole n condition
Temperature Range B 162°F (72°C)	Characteristic bond strength in cracked concrete <sup>4,7</sup>	<b>T</b> k,cr	psi (N/mm²)	Not Applicable	245 (1.7)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)	255 (1.8)
Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature; 248°F (120°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature <sup>3,4</sup>	Characteristic bond strength in uncracked concrete <sup>4,8</sup>	$\mathcal{T}_{k,uncr}$	psi (N/mm²)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	405 (2.8)	water-fi	366 (2.5) licable in lled hole n condition	Not Applicable
	Dry concrete	Anchor Category	-				1			
		$oldsymbol{\phi}_{\! ext{d}}$	-				0.65			
Permissible installation	Water-saturated concrete	Anchor Category	-				2			
conditions <sup>6</sup>	Concrete	$\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle{ extsf{ws}}}$	-				0.55			
	Water-filled hole	Anchor Category	-				3			
	(flooded)	$\phi_{\scriptscriptstyle{ ext{Wf}}}$	-	0.45						
		$K_{Wf}$			0.	78		0.70	0.69	0.67
Reduction factor fo	Reduction factor for seismic tension						0.95			

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 0.006894 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

- 1. Bond strength values correspond to a normal-weight concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi (17.2 MPa and 55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'c / 2,500)<sup>a13</sup> [For SI: (f'c / 17.2)<sup>a13</sup>].
- 2. The modification factor for bond strength of adhesive anchors in lightweight concrete shall be taken as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 where applicable.
- 3. Long-term and short-term temperatures meet the requirements of Section 8.5 of ACI 355.4 and Table 9.1, Temperature Category A.
- 4. Short-term base material service temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term base material service temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.
- 5. Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. Characteristic bond strengths are also applicable to short-term loading. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind and seismic, bond strengths may be increased by 43 percent for Temperature Range A and 122 percent for Temperature Range B.
- 6. Permissible installation conditions include dry concrete, water-saturated concrete and water-filled holes. Water-filled holes include applications in dry or water-saturated concrete where the drilled holes contain standing water at the time of anchor installation.
- 7. For structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, Ch.seis, as given in this table.
- 8. Bond strength values for uncracked concrete are applicable for structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories A and B only.



### **Bond Strength Design Information for Reinforcing Bar**



Not   Characteristic bond   Symbol   Units   #3   #4   #5   #6   #7   #8   #9	5 (127) 15 (381) 349 (2.4)						
Maximum embedment   Nef.min   (mm)   (60)   (70)   (79)   (89)   (89)   (102)   (114)	(127) 15 (381) 349 (2.4) 588						
Maximum embedment         nef,max         (mm)         (114)         (152)         (191)         (229)         (267)         (305)         (343)           Temperature Range A         Characteristic bond         nsi         Not         331         345         345         345         349	(381) 349 (2.4) 588						
I Temperature Bande A I 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Not I 1 33 I 1 345 I	(2.4)						
temperature range $\tau$ strength in cracked concrete <sup>47</sup> strength in cracked concrete <sup>47</sup> $\tau_{kcr}$ (N/mm²) Applicable (2.3) (2.4) (2.4) (2.4) (2.4) (2.4)							
Service Temperature;   Characteristic bond   psi   823   8	(4.1)						
Maximum Short-1erm Service Temperature <sup>3,4</sup> uncracked concrete <sup>4,8</sup> uncracked concrete <sup>4,8</sup> (N/mm²) (5.7) (5.7) (5.7) (5.7) Not applicable in water installation cond	filled hole tion						
Temperature Range B 162°F (72°C) Maximum Long-Term Cracked concrete <sup>4,7</sup> T <sub>k,cr</sub> psi (N/mm²) Applicable (1.1) (1.2) (1.2) (1.2) (1.2) (1.2)	170 (1.2)						
Service Temperature;   248°F (120°C)   Characteristic bond   psi   405   405   405   405   (2.8)   (2.5)   (2.3)	Not						
Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature <sup>3,4</sup> uncracked concrete <sup>4,8</sup> uncracked concrete <sup>4,8</sup> (N/mm²) (2.8) (2.8) (2.8) (2.8) Not applicable in water-filled hole installation condition	Applicable						
Anchor - 1 Dry concrete Category - 1							
$\phi_{t}$ - 0.65							
Permissible installation Water-saturated Category - 2  Water-saturated Category - 2							
conditions $\phi_{ m ws}$ - 0.55							
Anchor Category - 3							
(flooded) $\phi_{ m M}$ - 0.45	0.45						
<b>κ</b> <sub>wf</sub> 0.78 0.70 0.69 0.68	0.67						
Reduction factor for seismic tension $O_{A \setminus seis}$ - 1.0							

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 0.006894 MPa. For pound-inch units: 1 mm = 0.03937 inch, 1 MPa = 145.0 psi.

- 1. Bond strength values correspond to a normal-weight concrete compressive strength f'c = 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa). For concrete compressive strength, f'c between 2,500 psi and 8,000 psi (17.2 MPa and 55.2 MPa), the tabulated characteristic bond strength may be increased by a factor of (f'c / 2,500)<sup>0.13</sup> [For SI: (f'c / 17.2)<sup>0.13</sup>].
- 2. The modification factor for bond strength of adhesive anchors in lightweight concrete shall be taken as given in ACI 318-19 17.2.4.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.6 where applicable.
- 3. Long-term and short-term temperatures meet the requirements of Section 8.5 of ACI 355.4 and Table 9.1, Temperature Category A.
- 4. Short-term base material service temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling. Long-term base material service temperatures are roughly constant
- 5. Characteristic bond strengths are for sustained loads including dead and live loads. Characteristic bond strengths are also applicable to short-term loading. For load combinations consisting of short-term loads only such as wind and seismic, bond strengths may be increased by 43 percent for Temperature Range A and 122 percent for Temperature Range B.
- 6. Permissible installation conditions include dry concrete, water-saturated concrete and water-filled holes. Water-filled holes include applications in dry or water-saturated concrete where the drilled holes contain standing water at the time of anchor installation.
- 7. For structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories C, D, E or F, the tabulated bond strength values for cracked concrete must be adjusted by an additional reduction factor, CALSER, as given
- 8. Bond strength values for uncracked concrete are applicable for structures assigned to Seismic Design Categories A and B only.



## **DESIGN STRENGTH TABLES (SD)**

Tension and Shear Design Strength for Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar Installed in Uncracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength)

Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition

122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature:

176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11

					Minim	um Concrete C	compressive St	rength			
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,0	000 (psi)
Rod/Rebar Size (in. or #)	Depth hef (in.)	ΦN∞ or ΦN₂ Tension (lbs.)	ΦV₀ or ΦVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN∞ or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	ΦV₀ or ΦVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN∞ or ΦN₂ Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦNcb or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	φV⇔ or φV⇔ Shear (lbs.)	ΦNcb or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	ΦVcb or ΦVcp Shear (lbs.)
	2-3/8	1,495	1,610	1,535	1,650	1,590	1,715	1,675	1,805	1,740	1,875
3/8 or #3	3	1,890	2,955	1,935	3,270	2,010	3,830	2,120	4,565	2,200	4,735
	4-1/2	2,835	5,395	2,905	5,965	3,015	6,495	3,180	6,845	3,300	7,105
	2-3/4	2,310	2,780	2,365	3,075	2,455	3,605	2,590	4,505	2,690	5,280
1/2 or #4	4	3,360	5,230	3,440	5,785	3,575	6,780	3,765	8,110	3,910	8,420
	6	5,040	9,530	5,165	10,540	5,360	11,545	5,650	12,170	5,865	12,630
	3-1/8	3,280	3,695	3,360	4,085	3,490	4,785	3,680	5,990	3,820	7,020
5/8 or #5	5	5,250	8,155	5,380	9,015	5,585	10,565	5,885	12,675	6,110	13,160
	7-1/2	7,880	14,850	8,065	16,420	8,375	18,035	8,825	19,015	9,165	19,735
	3-1/2	4,285	4,730	4,380	5,230	4,535	6,130	4,760	7,670	4,925	8,990
3/4 or #6	6	7,565	11,515	7,745	12,730	8,040	14,925	8,475	18,250	8,795	18,950
	9	11,345	20,970	11,615	23,190	12,060	25,975	12,710	27,380	13,195	28,420
	3-1/2	4,370	4,930	4,475	5,470	4,635	6,410	4,865	8,020	5,040	9,400
7/8 or #7	7	10,295	14,500	10,540	16,035	10,940	18,795	11,535	23,510	11,975	25,790
	10-1/2	15,440	26,410	15,810	29,210	16,415	34,235	17,300	37,265	17,960	38,685
	4	5,210	6,045	5,325	6,685	5,515	7,835	5,795	9,800	6,000	11,490
1 or #8	8	12,140	17,000	12,430	18,800	12,905	22,040	13,600	27,565	14,120	30,410
	12	18,205	30,965	18,645	34,245	19,355	40,140	20,400	43,940	21,180	45,615
	5	5,795	6,845	5,925	7,570	6,135	8,875	6,445	11,100	6,670	13,010
#9	10	13,545	19,320	13,865	21,365	14,395	25,045	15,175	31,325	15,755	33,930
	15	20,315	35,195	20,800	38,920	21,595	45,620	22,760	49,025	23,630	50,895
	5	6,575	7,695	6,720	8,510	6,955	9,975	7,305	12,480	7,565	14,625
1-1/4	10	15,010	21,630	15,370	23,920	15,955	28,035	16,820	35,065	17,460	37,605
	15	22,515	39,390	23,055	43,560	23,930	51,060	25,225	54,335	26,190	56,405
	5	6,490	7,685	6,635	8,495	6,870	9,960	7,215	12,455	7,470	14,600
#10	10	15,010	21,665	15,370	23,960	15,955	28,085	16,820	35,130	17,460	37,605
	15	22,515	39,465	23,055	43,640	23,930	51,155	25,225	54,335	26,190	56,405

- - Concrete Breakout Strength - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength
- 1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in uncracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, ha = hmin, and with the following conditions:
  - $c_{a1}$  is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance,  $c_{ac}$
  - Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.
- 2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
- 3. Strength reduction factors (\$\phi\$) for concrete breakout strength are based onACl 318 (-19 or -14) 5.3 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.
- 4. Strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in ESB-2582
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-2582 for applicable information.
- 6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318 -19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2.
- 7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17.
- 8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14), Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-2582.
- 9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.
- 10. The tabulated design strengths may be converted to allowable stress design values. Divide by conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination.
- 11. For other installation conditions such as water-saturated concrete or water-filled hole applications, see the associated strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength in the determination of controlling design strength values, as applicable.



# Tension and Shear Design Strength for Threaded Rod Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition 122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term ServiceTemperature;



176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature<sup>1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12</sup>

		Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength												
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,0	000 (psi)			
Rod/Rebar Size (in.)	Depth hef (in.)	φNcb or φNa Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN∞ or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN∞ or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN⇔ or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦNcb or ΦNa Tension (lbs.)	φV₀₀ or φVℴ₀ Shear (lbs.)			
	2-3/4	1,400	1,985	1,430	2,195	1,485	2,575	1,565	3,220	1,625	3,505			
1/2	4	2,035	3,735	2,085	4,130	2,160	4,655	2,280	4,910	2,365	5,095			
	6	3,050	6,570	3,125	6,730	3,245	6,985	3,420	7,365	3,550	7,645			
	3-1/8	2,070	2,640	2,120	2,915	2,200	3,420	2,320	4,275	2,410	5,015			
5/8	5	3,310	5,825	3,390	6,440	3,520	7,550	3,710	7,995	3,855	8,300			
	7-1/2	4,970	10,605	5,085	10,955	5,280	11,375	5,565	11,990	5,780	12,445			
	3-1/2	2,705	3,380	2,760	3,735	2,860	4,380	3,000	5,480	3,105	6,420			
3/4	6	4,770	8,225	4,885	9,095	5,070	10,660	5,345	11,510	5,550	11,950			
	9	7,155	14,980	7,325	15,780	7,605	16,380	8,015	17,265	8,320	17,925			
	3-1/2	2,755	3,525	2,820	3,910	2,920	4,580	3,070	5,730	3,180	6,715			
7/8	7	6,490	10,360	6,645	11,455	6,900	13,425	7,275	15,665	7,550	16,265			
	10-1/2	9,735	18,865	9,970	20,865	10,350	22,295	10,910	23,500	11,325	24,395			
	4	3,640	4,320	3,720	4,775	3,855	5,595	4,045	7,000	4,190	8,205			
1	8	8,480	12,145	8,680	13,430	9,015	15,740	9,500	19,690	9,865	21,240			
	12	12,720	22,120	13,025	24,460	13,520	28,670	14,250	30,695	14,795	31,865			
	5	5,870	5,495	6,000	6,080	6,210	7,125	6,525	8,915	6,755	10,445			
1-1/4	10	13,400	15,450	13,720	17,085	14,245	20,025	15,015	25,050	15,590	29,360			
	15	20,100	28,135	20,585	31,115	21,370	36,470	22,525	45,620	23,385	50,365			

- - Concrete Breakout Strength - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength
- 1. Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness,
  - $h_a = h_{min}$ , and with the following conditions: - Ca1 is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, Cac
  - Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.
- 2. Calculations were performed according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/ pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
- 3. Strength reduction factors (\$\phi\$) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Section 5.3 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.
- 4. Strength reduction factors ( $\phi$ ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in FSR-2582
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-2582 for applicable information.
- 6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318 -19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2.
- 7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17.
- 8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-2582.
- 9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of
- 10. The tabulated design strengths may be converted to allowable stress design values. Divide by conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling
- 11. For seismic design in accordance with ACI 318, the tabulated tension design strengths in cracked concrete for concrete breakout and bond strength must be multiplied by a factor of 0.75. In the determination of the tension design strength values in cracked concrete, the bond strength requires an additional reduction factor applied for seismic tension (CALSER), where seismic design
- 12. For other installation conditions such as water-saturated concrete or water-filled hole applications, see the associated strength reduction factors ( $\phi$ ) for bond strength in the determination of controlling design strength values, as applicable.

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# Tension and Shear Design Strength for Reinforcing Bar Installed in Cracked Concrete (Bond or Concrete Strength) Drilled with a Hammer-Drill and Carbide Bit in a Dry Hole Condition



122°F (50°C) Maximum Long-Term Service Temperature;

176°F (80°C) Maximum Short-Term Service Temperature<sup>1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12</sup>

					Minim	um Concrete C	ompressive St	rength			
Nominal	Embed.	f'c = 2,5	500 (psi)	f'c = 3,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 4,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 6,0	000 (psi)	f'c = 8,0	00 (psi)
Rod/Rebar Size (#)	Depth hef (in.)	ΦN⇔ or ΦN₃ Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN⇔ or ΦN₃ Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ΦN∞ or ΦN₂ Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φVℴ Shear (lbs.)	ψN₀ or ψN₂ Tension (lbs.)	φV⇔ or φV⇔ Shear (lbs.)	ψN₀ or ψN₂ Tension (lbs.)	φV₀ or φV₀ Shear (lbs.)
	2-3/4	930	1,985	950	2,050	990	2,130	1,040	2,245	1,080	2,330
#4	4	1,350	2,910	1,385	2,980	1,435	3,095	1,515	3,265	1,575	3,385
	6	2,030	4,365	2,075	4,470	2,155	4,645	2,270	4,895	2,360	5,080
	3-1/8	1,375	2,640	1,410	2,915	1,465	3,150	1,540	3,320	1,600	3,445
#5	5	2,200	4,740	2,255	4,855	2,340	5,040	2,465	5,315	2,560	5,515
	7-1/2	3,300	7,115	3,380	7,285	3,510	7,560	3,700	7,970	3,840	8,275
	3-1/2	1,795	3,380	1,835	3,735	1,900	4,095	1,995	4,300	2,065	4,450
#6	6	3,170	6,830	3,245	6,990	3,370	7,260	3,550	7,650	3,690	7,945
	9	4,755	10,240	4,870	10,490	5,055	10,890	5,330	11,475	5,530	11,915
	3-1/2	1,830	3,525	1,875	3,910	1,945	4,185	2,040	4,395	2,110	4,550
#7	7	4,315	9,295	4,420	9,515	4,585	9,880	4,835	10,415	5,020	10,810
	10-1/2	6,475	13,940	6,630	14,275	6,880	14,820	7,255	15,620	7,530	16,215
	4	2,420	4,320	2,475	4,775	2,560	5,515	2,690	5,795	2,785	6,000
#8	8	5,635	12,140	5,770	12,430	5,990	12,905	6,315	13,600	6,555	14,120
	12	8,455	18,210	8,655	18,645	8,985	19,355	9,475	20,405	9,835	21,180
	5	3,090	4,890	3,155	5,410	3,270	6,340	3,435	7,395	3,555	7,655
#9	10	7,215	13,800	7,390	15,260	7,670	16,520	8,085	17,415	8,395	18,080
	15	10,825	23,315	11,085	23,870	11,505	24,780	12,130	26,125	12,590	27,120
	5	3,855	5,490	3,940	6,070	4,080	7,115	4,280	8,900	4,435	9,550
#10	10	8,910	15,475	9,120	17,115	9,470	20,060	9,980	21,500	10,365	22,320
	15	13,365	28,190	13,685	29,470	14,205	30,595	14,975	32,250	15,545	33,480

- - Concrete Breakout Strength - Bond Strength/Pryout Strength
- Tabular values are provided for illustration and are applicable for single anchors installed in cracked normal-weight concrete with minimum slab thickness, ha = hmin, and with the following conditions:
  - Ca1 is greater than or equal to the critical edge distance, Cac
  - Ca2 is greater than or equal to 1.5 times Ca1.
- Calculations were performed according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308. The load level corresponding to the failure mode listed [Concrete breakout strength, bond strength/pryout strength] must be checked against the tabulated steel strength of the corresponding threaded rod or rebar size and type, the lowest load level controls.
- 3. Strength reduction factors ( $\phi$ ) for concrete breakout strength are based on ACl 318 (-19 or -14) Section 5.3 for load combinations. Condition B was assumed.
- 4. Strength reduction factors ( $\phi$ ) for bond strength are determined from reliability testing and qualification in accordance with ICC-ES AC308 and are tabulated in this product information and in FSR-2582
- 5. Tabular values are permitted for static loads only, seismic loading is not considered with these tables. Periodic special inspection must be performed where required by code, see ESR-2582 for applicable information.
- 6. For anchors subjected to tension resulting from sustained loading a supplemental check must be performed according to ACI 318 -19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2.
- 7. For designs that include combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads must be calculated in accordance with ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17.
- 8. Interpolation is not permitted to be used with the tabular values. For intermediate base material compressive strengths, please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17, ICC-ES AC308 and information included in this product supplement. For other design conditions including seismic considerations please see ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 and ICC-ES AC308 and ESR-2582.
- 9. Long term concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time. Short-term elevated temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. as a result of diurnal cycling.
- 10. The tabulated design strengths may be converted to allowable stress design values. Divide by conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination.
- 11. For seismic design in accordance with ACI 318, the tabulated tension design strengths in cracked concrete for concrete breakout and bond strength must be multiplied by a factor of 0.75. In the determination of the tension design strength values in cracked concrete, the bond strength requires an additional reduction factor applied for seismic tension (Colusies), where seismic design is applicable
- 12. For other installation conditions such as water-saturated concrete or water-filled hole applications, see the associated strength reduction factors (φ) for bond strength in the determination of controlling design strength values, as applicable.



# Tension Design of Steel Elements (Steel Strength)<sup>1,2</sup>



	Steel Elements - Threaded Rod and Reinforcing Bar												
Nominal Rod/Rebar Size (in. or No.)	ASTM A36 and ASTM F1554 Grade 36	ASTM F1554 Grade 55	ASTM A193 Grade B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 105	ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M, Class 1 Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M2, Class 2B Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A615 Grade 75 Rebar	ASTM A615 Grade 60 Rebar	ASTM A706 Grade 60 Rebar	ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar			
(III. OF NO.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØN₅a Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)	ØNsa Tension (lbs.)			
3/8 or #3	3,370	4,360	7,265	5,040	3,315	5,525	7,150	6,435	6,600	4,290			
1/2 or #4	6,175	7,980	13,300	9,225	6,070	10,110	13,000	11,700	12,000	7,800			
5/8 or #5	9,835	12,715	21,190	14,690	9,660	16,105	20,150	18,135	18,600	12,090			
3/4 or #6	14,550	18,815	31,360	18,480	14,300	23,830	28,600	25,740	26,400	17,160			
7/8 or #7	20,085	25,970	43,285	25,510	19,735	32,895	39,000	35,100	36,000				
1 or #8	26,350	34,070	56,785	33,465	25,895	43,160	51,350	46,215	47,400				
#9							65,000	58,500	60,000				
1-1/4 or #10	42,160	54,510	90,850	53,540	41,430	69,050	82,550	74,295	76,200	-			

- 1. Steel tensile design strength according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 or ACI 318 Appendix D,  $\phi$ Nsa =  $\phi$  Ase,N futa.
- 2. The tabulated steel design strength in tension must be checked against the bond strength/concrete capacity design strength to determine the controlling failure mode, the lowest load level controls.

# Shear Design of Steel Elements (Steel Strength)<sup>1,2,3</sup>

			Steel	Elements - Th	readed Rod and	Reinforcing Ba	ır			
Nominal Rod/Rebar Size (in. or No.)	ASTM A36 and ASTM F1554 Grade 36	ASTM F1554 Grade 55	ASTM A193 Grade B7 and ASTM F1554 Grade 105	ASTM F593 CW Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M, Class 1 Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A193 Grade B8/ B8M2, Class 2B Stainless (Types 304 and 316)	ASTM A615 Grade 75 Rebar	ASTM A615 Grade 60 Rebar	ASTM A706 Grade 60 Rebar	ASTM A615 Grade 40 Rebar
(III. OF NO.)	ØV₅a Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØV₅a Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØV₅a Shear (lbs.)	ØV₅a Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)	ØVsa Shear (lbs.)
3/8 or #3	1,755	2,265	3,775	2,790	1,725	2,870	3,960	3,565	3,430	2,375
1/2 or #4	3,210	4,150	6,915	5,110	3,155	5,255	7,200	6,480	6,240	4,320
5/8 or #5	5,115	6,610	11,020	8,135	5,025	8,375	11,160	10,045	9,670	6,695
3/4 or #6	7,565	9,785	16,305	10,235	7,435	12,390	15,840	14,255	13,730	9,505
7/8 or #7	10,445	13,505	22,505	14,130	10,265	17,105	21,600	19,440	18,720	
1 or #8	13,700	17,715	29,525	18,535	13,465	22,445	28,440	25,595	24,650	
#9							36,000	32,400	31,200	
1-1/4 or #10	21,920	28,345	47,240	29,655	21,545	35,905	45,720	41,150	39,625	-

- Steel Strength
- 1. Steel shear design strength according to ACI 318 (-19 or -14) Ch.17 or ACI 318 Appendix D,  $\phi V_{sa} = \phi \bullet 0.60 \bullet A_{se,V} \bullet f_{uta.}$
- 2. The tabulated steel design strength in shear must be checked against the bond strength/concrete capacity design strength to determine the controlling failure mode, the lowest
- 3. In the determination of the shear design strength values in cracked concrete, the steel strength requires an additional reduction factor applied for seismic shear (Coses), where seismic design is applicable.



# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (SOLID BASE MATERIALS)**





- 1- Drill a hole into the base material with rotary hammer drill (i.e. percussion drill) and a carbide drill bit to the size and embedment required by the selected steel hardware element (reference installation specifications for threaded rod and reinforcing bar). The tolerances of the carbide drill bits, including hollow bits, must meet ANSI Standard B212.15.
- Precaution: Use suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal (see optional dust extraction equipment supplied by DEWALT to minimize dust emission).
- Note! In case of standing water in the drilled hole (flooded hole condition), all the water has to be removed from the hole (e.g. vacuum, compressed air, etc.) prior to cleaning.
- Drilling in dry base material is recommended when using hollow drill bits (vacuum must be on).

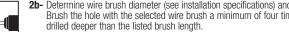
GO TO STEP 3 FOR HOLES DRILLED WITH DUSTX+™ DRILLING AND CLEANING SYSTEM: OTHERWISE GO TO STEP 2A.



4X

4X

- 2a- Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, blow the hole clean using a compressed air nozzle (min. 90 psi) or a hand pump (min. volume 25 fl. oz.) supplied by DEWALT) a minimum of four times (4x).
- Use a compressed air nozzle or a hand pump for anchor rod diameters 3/8" to 3/4" or reinforcing bar (rebar) sizes #3 to #6.
- Use a compressed air nozzle for anchor rod diameter 7/8" to 1-1/4" and rebar sizes #7 to #10. Do not use a hand pump for these sizes.



- 2b- Determine wire brush diameter (see installation specifications) and attach the brush with adaptor to a rotary drill tool or battery screwgun. Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of four times (4x). A brush extension (supplied by DEWALT) should be used for holes
- Note! The wire brush diameter should be checked periodically during use. The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole and come into contact with the sides of the drilled hole. If not the brush is too small and must be replaced.
- 2c- Finally, blow the hole clean again using a compressed air nozzle (min. 90 psi) or a hand pump (min. volume 25 fl.oz.) supplied by DEWALT a minimum of four times (4x).
- Use a compressed air nozzle or a hand pump for anchor rod diameters 3/8" to 3/4" or reinforcing bar (rebar) sizes #3 to #6.
- Use a compressed air nozzle for anchor rod diameters 7/8" to 1-1/4" and rebar sizes #7 to #10. Do not use a hand pump for these sizes.
- When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.



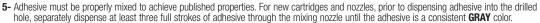
- 3- Check adhesive expiration date on cartridge label. Do not use expired product. Review Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. Cartridge temperature must be between 23°F - 95°F (-5°C - 35°C) when in use unless otherwise noted. Review gel (working) and cure time table. Consideration should be given to the reduced gel (working) time of the adhesive in warm temperatures.
- Remove cap from cartridge.



- ATTENTION! 8478SDF-PWR ONLY: If foil is present: cut across below the metal ring to open the foil.
- Attach a supplied mixing nozzle to the cartridge. Unless otherwise noted do not modify the mixer in any way. Make sure the mixing element is inside the nozzle. Load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool.
- Note! Use a new mixing nozzle with new cartridges of adhesive and also for all work interruptions exceeding the published gel (working) time of the adhesive.



- 4- Prior to inserting the anchor rod or rebar into the drilled hole, the position of the embedment depth has to be marked on the anchor.
- · Verify anchor element is straight and free of surface damage.



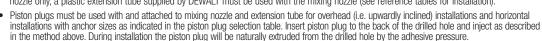
- Unless otherwise noted, do not attach a used nozzle when changing to a new cartridge.
- Review and note the published working and cure times (see gel time and curing time table) prior to injection of the mixed adhesive into the cleaned anchor hole.

THE

3X |



6- Fill the cleaned hole approximately two-thirds full with mixed adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids. If the bottom or back of the anchor hole is not reached with the mixing nozzle only, a plastic extension tube supplied by DEWALT must be used with the mixing nozzle (see reference tables for installation).



Attention! Do not install anchors overhead without proper training and installation hardware provided by DEWALT. Contact DEWALT for details.



7- The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material. Push clean threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. Observe the gel (working) time.



8- Be sure the rod or rebar is fully seated at the bottom of the hole to the specified embedment. Adhesive must completely fill the annular gap between the anchor and the base material. Protect exposed anchor threads from fouling with adhesive. For all installations the anchor must be restrained from movement throughout the specified curing period (as necessary) where necessary through the use of temporary wedges, external supports, or other methods. Minor adjustments to the position of the anchor element may be performed during the gel (working) time only.



- 9- Allow the adhesive anchor to cure to the specified full curing time prior to applying any load (reference gel time and curing time table).
- Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor until it is fully cured.
- and curing table) by using a calibrated torque wrench.
- 10- After full curing of the adhesive anchor, a fixture can be installed to the anchor and tightened up to the maximum torque (reference gel time
  - Note! Take care not to exceed the maximum torque for the selected anchor.



# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (UNREINFORCED MASONRY [URM WALLS] AND HOLLOW BASE MATERIALS)**

#### DRILLING



- 1- Drill a hole into the base material with a rotary drill tool to the size and embedment required by the selected screen tube size and steel anchor element (see installation specifications for threaded rod in hollow base material with screen tube supplied by DEWALT). Holes drilled in hollow concrete masonry units may be drilled with a rotary hammer-drill. The tolerances of the drill bit, including hollow drill bits, must meet the requirements of ANSI B212.15.
- Precaution: Wear suitable eye and skin protection. Avoid inhalation of dust during drilling and/or removal (see dust extraction by DEWALT to minimize dust emission).
- Drilling in dry base materials is recommended when using hollow drill bits (vacuum must be on).

GO TO STEP 3 FOR HOLES DRILLED WITH DUSTX+™ DRILLING AND CLEANING SYSTEM; OTHERWISE GO TO STEP 2.

#### **HOLE CLEANING (BLOW 2X. BRUSH 2X. BLOW 2X)**



2- Starting from the bottom or back of the anchor hole, blow the hole clean with a hand pump with min. volume 25 fl.oz. supplied by DEWALT (Cat #08280-PWR) or compressed air nozzle a minimum of two times (2x).



- Determine the wire brush diameter (see installation specifications) and attach the brush with adaptor to a rotary drill tool or battery screw gun.
   Brush the hole with the selected wire brush a minimum of two times (2x). A brush extension supplied by DEWALT (Cat. #08282-PWR) should be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length.
- Note! The wire brush should be checked periodically during use. The brush should resist insertion into the drilled hole and come into contact
  with the sides of the drilled hole. If not the brush is too small and must be replaced.
- 2X
- When finished the hole should be clean and free of dust, debris, ice, grease, oil or other foreign material.

#### **PREPARING**



- 3- Check adhesive expiration date on cartridge label. Do not use expired product. Review Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. Cartridge temperature must be between 23°F 95°F (-5°C 35°C) when in use unless otherwise noted. Review gel (working) and cure time table. Consideration should be given to the reduced gel (working) time of the adhesive in warm temperatures.
- Remove cap from cartridge.

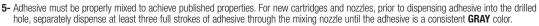


- ATTENTION! 8478SDF-PWR ONLY: If foil is present: cut across below the metal ring to open the foil.
- Attach a supplied mixing nozzle to the cartridge. Unless otherwise noted do not modify the mixer in any way. Make sure the mixing element is
  inside the nozzle. Load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool.
- Note! Use a new mixing nozzle with new cartridges of adhesive and also for all work interruptions exceeding the published gel (working) time of the adhesive.



- 4- Prior to inserting the anchor rod or rebar into the drilled hole, the position of the embedment depth has to be marked on the anchor.
- Verify anchor element is straight and free of surface damage.

. Finally, blow the hole clean again a minimum of two times (2x)





- Unless otherwise noted, do not attach a used nozzle when changing to a new cartridge
- Review and note the published working and cure times (see gel time and curing time table) prior to injection of the mixed adhesive into the cleaned anchor hole.

#### INSTALLATION



**6-** Select a screen tube of suitable length supplied by DEWALT. Fill the screen tube full with adhesive starting from the bottom or back of the tube. Slowly withdraw the mixing nozzle as the screen fills to avoid creating air pockets or voids. A plastic extension tube must be used with the mixing nozzle if the back of the screen tube cannot be reached (see reference tables for installation).



- 7- Insert the screen tube filled with adhesive into the cleaned anchor hole. Inject additional adhesive into the screen tube as necessary to ensure the screen tube is completely filled.
- Note! Overfilling the screen tube is acceptable but not required.



- 8- Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the screen tube inspect it to ensure that it is free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
- Push the threaded rod into the screen tube while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until back of the tube is reached.
- Note: In cases where the drilled hole size is larger than specified due to rotary drilling (e.g. an elongated opening), the annular space between the screen tube and the hole at the base material surface must be filled with adhesive.

#### **CURING AND FIXTURE**



- 9- Allow the adhesive anchor to cure to the specified full curing time prior to applying any load.
- Do not disturb, torque or load the anchor until it is fully cured (see gel time and curing time table).



- 10- After full curing of the adhesive anchor, a fixture can be installed to the anchor and tightened up to the maximum torque (see installation specifications for threaded rod in hollow base material) by using a calibrated torque wrench.
- Note! Take care not to exceed the maximum torque for the selected anchor.



#### REFERENCE INSTALLATION TABLES

### **Gel (working) Time and Curing Table**

Temperature of Base Material		Cal (wasking) Time	Full Continue Time	
°F	°C	Gel (working) Time	Full Curing Time	
14	-10	90 minutes	24 hours	
23	-5	90 minutes	14 hours	
32	0	45 minutes	7 hours	
41	5	25 minutes	2 hours	
50	10	15 minutes	90 minutes	
68	20	6 minutes	45 minutes	
86	30	4 minutes	25 minutes	
95	35	2 minutes	20 minutes	
104	40	1.5 minutes	15 minutes	

The gel (working) times listed for 32°F to 95°F are also applicable for the temperature of the adhesive and use of mixing nozzes during installation.

For installations in base material temperatures between 14T and 23T (-10°C and -5°C) the cartridge temperature must be conditioned to between 68T and 95T (20°C - 35°C).

# Wire Brush Selection Table for AC100+ Gold<sup>1,2</sup>

Nominal Wire Brush Size (inch)	ANSI Drill Bit Diameter (inch)	Brush Length (inches)	Steel Wire Brush (Cat. #)	Blowout Tool	
		Solid Base Material			
7/16	7/16	7	08284-PWR		
9/16	9/16	7	08285-PWR	Hand-pump	
5/8	5/8	7	08275-PWR	(Cat #08280-PWR)	
11/16	11/16	9	08286-PWR	or compressed	
3/4	3/4	9	08278-PWR	air nozzle	
7/8	7/8	9	08287-PWR	7	
1	1	11	08288-PWR		
1-1/8	1-1/8	11	08289-PWR	Compressed air	
1-3/8	1-3/8	11	08290-PWR	nozzle only	
1-1/2	1-1/2	11	08291-PWR	1	
	Hol	low Base Material (with Screen Tu	be)		
3/8	3/8 (SS screen)	7	08284-PWR		
1/2	1/2 (SS screen)	7	08284-PWR	1	
9/16	9/16 (plastic screen)	7	08285-PWR	7	
5/8	5/8 (SS screen)	7	08275-PWR	Hand pump	
3/4	3/4 (plastic screen)	9	08278-PWR	(Cat# 08280-PWR) or compressed air nozzle	
3/4	3/4 (SS screen)	9	08278-PWR		
7/8	7/8 (plastic screen)	9	08287-PWR		
7/8	7/8 (SS screen)	9	08287-PWR		
1	1 (SS screen)	11	08288-PWR		

<sup>1.</sup> An SDS-plus adaptor (Cat. #08283-PWR) or Jacobs chuck style adaptor (Cat. #08296-PWR) is available to attach a steel wire brush to the drill tool.

For Retrofit Bolt Anchors in URM Walls, including separate installation details, see the table in this tech section entitled "Allowable Load Capacities for AC100+ Gold with Threaded Rods and Reinforcing Bars or Rebar Dowel Installed in Unreinforced Masonry Walls with Stainless Steel Screen Tubes"

#### **Piston Plug Selection Table for Adhesive Anchors**<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>

Drill Bit Diameter (inch)	Plug Size (inch)	Piston Plug (Cat. #)	Premium Piston Plug (Cat. #)
11/16	11/16	08258-PWR	PFC1691515
3/4	3/4	08259-PWR	PFC1691520
7/8	7/8	08300-PWR	PFC1691530
1	1	08301-PWR	PFC1691540
1-1/8	1-1/8	08303-PWR	PFC1691550
1-1/4	1-1/4	08307-PWR	PFC1691555
1-3/8	1-3/8	08305-PWR	PFC1691560
1-1/2	1-1/2	08309-PWR	PFC1691570
1-3/4	1-3/4	-	PFC1691580
2	2	-	PFC1691590
2-3/16	2-3/16	-	PFC1691600

- 1. All overhead or upwardly inclined installations require the use of piston plugs where one is tabulated together with the anchor size.
- 2. All horizontal installations require the use of piston plugs where the embedment depth is greater than 8 inches and the drill bit size is larger than 5/8-inch.
- 3. The use of piston plugs is also recommended for underwater installations where one is tabulated together with the anchor size.
- 4. A flexible plastic extension tube (Cat. #08281-PWR or #08297-PWR) or equivalent approved by DEWALT must be used with piston plugs.

<sup>2.</sup> A brush extension (Cat. #08282-PWR) must be used for holes drilled deeper than the listed brush length.



# **ORDERING INFORMATION**

AC100+ Gold Cartridges (10:1 mix ratio)

	<u> </u>			
Cat. No.	Description	Pack Qty.	Std. Carton	Pallet
8478SD-PWR	AC100+ Gold 9.5 fl. oz. Quick-Shot	12	36	648
8478SDF-PWR	AC100+ Gold 9.5 fl. oz. Quick-Shot Foil	12	36	648
8578SD-PWR	AC100+ Gold 14 fl. oz. coaxial cartridge	-	12	540
8490SD-PWR	AC100+ Gold 28 fl. oz. dual cartridge	-	8	240
An AC100 - Cold mixin	a nazzla ia nagleagad with each cartridge			

An AC100+ Gold mixing nozzle is packaged with each cartridge.

AC100+ Gold mixing nozzles must be used to ensure complete and proper mixing of the adhesive.



#### **Cartridge System Mixing Nozzles**

Cat. No.	at. No. Description		Carton Qty.
08293-PWR	Mixing nozzle for AC100+ Gold	2	24
08294-PWR	Long mixing nozzle (with an 8" extension) for AC100+ Gold	2	24
08281-PWR	Mixing nozzle extension, 8" long	2	24
08297-PWR	Flexible extension tubing, 20" long	12	36



#### **Dispensing Tools for Injection Adhesive**

Cat. No.	Description	Pack Qty.
08437-PWR	Manual caulking gun for Quick-Shot	1
DCE560D1	Quick-Shot 20v battery powered caulking gun	1
08414-PW	14 fl. oz. standard metal manual tool	1
08494-PWR	AC100+ Gold 28 oz. std. metal manual tool	1
08496-PWR	28 oz. pneumatic tool	1
DCE595D1	28 oz. 20v battery powered dispensing tool	1

## **Hole Cleaning Tools and Accessories**

Cat. No.	Description	Pack Qty.
08284-PWR	Wire brush for 7/16" or 1/2" ANSI hole, 7" length	1
08285-PWR	Wire brush for 9/16" ANSI hole, 7" length	1
08275-PWR	Wire brush for 5/8" ANSI hole, 7" length	1
08286-PWR	Wire brush for 11/16" ANSI hole, 9" length	1
08278-PWR	Wire brush for 3/4" ANSI hole, 9" length	1
08287-PWR	Wire brush for 7/8" ANSI hole, 9" length	1
08288-PWR	Wire brush for 1" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08289-PWR	Wire brush for 1-1/8" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08276-PWR	Wire brush for 1-1/4" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08290-PWR	Wire brush for 1-3/8" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08291-PWR	Wire brush for 1-1/2" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08299-PWR	Wire brush for 1-3/4" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08271-PWR	Wire brush for 2" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08272-PWR	Wire brush for 2-3/16" ANSI hole, 11" length	1
08283-PWR	SDS-plus adapter for steel brushes	1
08296-PWR	Standard drill adapter for steel brushes (e.g. Jacobs Chuck)	1
08282-PWR	Steel brush extension, 12" length	1
08280-PWR	Hand pump/dust blower (25 fl. oz. clylinder volume)	1
08292-PWR	Air compressor nozzle with extension, 18" length	1

### **Premium Piston Plugs**

i i Giiii uiii i i i 3t	i remium i iston i lugs					
Cat. No.	Description	ANSI Drill Bit Dia.	Pack Qty.			
PFC1691510	5/8" Plug	5/8"	1			
PFC1691515	11/16" Plug	11/16"	1			
PFC1691520	3/4" Plug	3/4"	1			
PFC1691530	7/8" Plug	7/8"	1			
PFC1691540	1" Plug	1"	1			
PFC1691550	1-1/8" Plug	1-1/8"	1			
PFC1691555	1-1/4" Plug	1-1/4"	1			
PFC1691560	1-3/8" Plug	1-3/8"	1			
PFC1691570	1-1/2" Plug	1-1/2"	1			
PFC1691580	1-3/4" Plug	1-3/4"	1			
PFC1691590	2" Plug	2"	1			
PFC1691600	2-3/16" Plug	2-3/16"	1			

#### **Stainless Steel Screen Tubes**

Cat. No.	Description	Drill Bit Dia.	Pack Qty.
07960-PWR	1/4" x 2" Screen Tube	3/8"	25
07862-PWR	1/4" x 6" Screen Tube*	3/8"	25
07864-PWR	1/4" x 8"Screen Tube*	3/8"	25
07856-PWR	3/8" x 2" Screen Tube	1/2"	25
07961-PWR	3/8" x 3-1/2" Screen Tube	1/2"	25
07962-PWR	3/8" x 6" Screen Tube*	1/2"	25
07963-PWR	3/8" x 8" Screen Tube*	1/2"	25
07964-PWR	3/8" x 10" Screen Tube*	1/2"	25
07959-PWR	3/8" x 12" Screen Tube*	1/2"	25
07857-PWR	1/2" x 2" Screen Tube	5/8"	25
07965-PWR	1/2" x 3-1/2" Screen Tube	5/8"	25
07966-PWR	1/2" x 6" Screen Tube	5/8"	25
07967-PWR	1/2" x 8" Screen Tube*	5/8"	25
07968-PWR	1/2" x 10" Screen Tube*	5/8"	25
07858-PWR	5/8" x 2" Screen Tube	3/4"	25
07969-PWR	5/8" x 4-1/2" Screen Tube	3/4"	20
07970-PWR	5/8" x 6" Screen Tube	3/4"	20
07971-PWR	5/8" x 8" Screen Tube	3/4"	20
07972-PWR	5/8" x 10" Screen Tube	3/4"	20
07859-PWR	3/4" x 2" Screen Tube	7/8"	25
07973-PWR	3/4" x 6 Screen Tube	7/8"	10
07977-PWR	3/4" x 8 Screen Tube	7/8"	10
07974-PWR	3/4" x 10 Screen Tube	7/8"	10
07975-PWR	3/4" x 13 Screen Tube	7/8"	10
07978-PWR	3/4" x 17 Screen Tube	7/8"	10
07855-PWR	15/16" x 2" Screen Tube	1"	25
07865-PWR	15/16" x 8" Screen Tube	1"	10
07867-PWR	15/16" x 13" Screen Tube	1"	10
07869-PWR	15/16" x 17" Screen Tube	1"	10

Screen tubes are made from a 300 series stainless steel. The nominal diameter of the screen listed indicates the matching rod diameter (except for the 15/16" screen tubes). 15/16" screen tubes can accept 3/4" diameter threaded rods and #4, #5 or #6 reinforcing bars for unreinforced masonry wall applications (URM).

\*Includes extension tubing.

# **Piston Plugs for Adhesive Anchors**

Cat. No.	Description	Drill Bit Dia.	Pack Qty.	Carton Qty.
08304-PWR	5/8" Plug	5/8"	10	100
08258-PWR	11/16" Plug	11/16"	10	100
08259-PWR	3/4" Plug	3/4"	10	100
08300-PWR	7/8" Plug	7/8"	10	100
08301-PWR	1" Plug	1"	10	100
08303-PWR	1-1/8" Plug	1-1/8"	10	100
08305-PWR	1-3/8" Plug	1-3/8"	10	100
08307-PWR	1-1/4" Plug	1-1/4"	10	100
08309-PWR	1-1/2" Plug	1-1/2"	10	100

A plastic extension tube (Cat# 08281-PWR or 08297-PWR) or equivalent approved by DEWALT must be used with piston plugs.



#### **Plastic Screen Tubes**

Cat. No.	Description	Drill Bit Dia.	Pack Qty.
08310-PWR	3/8" x 3-1/2" Plastic Screen	9/16"	25
08311-PWR	3/8" x 6" Plastic Screen	9/16"	25
08313-PWR	3/8" x 8" Plastic Screen	9/16"	25
08315-PWR	1/2" x 3-1/2" Plastic Screen	3/4"	25
08317-PWR	1/2" x 6" Plastic Screen	3/4"	25
08321-PWR	5/8" x 6" Plastic Screen	7/8"	25
08323-PWR	3/4" x 6" Plastic Screen	1"	10
The nominal diamet	ter of the screen listed indicates the	matching rod diame	eter.



# **SDS+ Full Head Carbide Drill Bits**

Cat. No.	Diameter	Usable Length	Overall Length
DW5527	3/8"	4"	6-1/2"
DW5529	3/8"	8"	10"
DW55300	3/8"	10"	12"
DW5531	3/8"	16"	18"
DW5537	1/2"	4"	6"
DW5538	1/2"	8"	10-1/2"
DW5539	1/2"	10"	12"
DW5540	1/2"	16"	18"



#### **SDS Max 4-Cutter Carbide Drill Bits**

ODS Max 4-butter burblac brill bits							
Cat. No. Diameter		Usable Length	Overall Length				
DW5806	5/8"	8"	13-1/2"				
DW5809	5/8"	16"	21-1/2"				
DW5807	5/8"	31"	36"				
DW5808	11/16"	16"	21-1/2"				
DW5810	3/4"	8"	13-1/2"				
DW5812	3/4"	16"	21-1/2"				
DW5813	3/4"	31"	36"				
DW5814	13/16"	16"	21-1/2"				
DW5815	7/8"	8"	13-1/2"				
DW5816	7/8"	16"	21-1/2"				
DW5851	7/8"	31"	36"				
DW5818	1"	8"	13-1/2"				
DW5819	1"	16"	22-1/2"				
DW5852	1"	24"	29"				
DW5820	1"	31"	36"				
DW5821	1-1/8"	10"	15"				
DW5822	1-1/8"	18"	22-1/2"				
DW5853	1-1/8"	24"	29"				
DW5854	1-1/8"	31"	36"				
DW5824	1-1/4"	10"	15"				
DW5825	1-1/4"	18"	22-1/2"				

#### **SDS+ 4-Cutter Carbide Drill Bits**

0201 1 044001 04410140 2144 2140							
Cat. No.	. Diameter Usable Length		Overall Length				
DW5471	5/8"	8"	10"				
DW5472	5/8"	16"	18"				
DW5474	3/4"	8"	10"				
DW5475	3/4"	16"	18"				
DW5477	7/8"	8"	10"				
DW5478	7/8"	16"	18"				
DW5479	1"	8"	10"				
DW5480	1"	16"	18"				
DW5481	1-1/8"	8"	10"				
DW5482	1-1/8"	6"	18"				

#### **Dust Extraction**

Dust Extraction				
Cat. No.	Description			
DWV012	10 Gallon Wet/Dry Hepa/Rrp Dust Extractor DWV9402 Fleece bag (5 pack) for DEWALT dust extractors DWV9316 Replacement Anti-Static Hose DWV9320 Replacement HEPA Filter Set (Type 1)			
DWH050K	Dust Extraction with two interchangeable drilling heads			
DCB1800B	1800 Watt Portable Power Station & Parallel Battery Charger Bare Unit			







#### **Hollow Drill Bits**

Hollow Drill Bits						
Shank	Cat. No.	Diameter	Overall Length	Usable Length	Recommended Hammer	
SDS+	DWA54012	1/2"	14-1/2"	9-3/4"	DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293	
	DWA54916	9/16"	14-1/2"	9-3/4"	DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293	
	DWA54058	5/8"	14-1/2"	9-3/4"	DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293	
	DWA54034	3/4"	14-1/2"	9-3/4"	DCH133 / DCH273 / DCH293	
SDS Max	DWA58058	5/8"	23-5/8"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58958	5/8"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58116	11/16"	24-3/4"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58034	3/4"	23-5/8"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58934	3/4"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58078	7/8"	23-5/8"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58001	1"	23-5/8"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58901	1"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58118	1-1/8"	23-5/8"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58918	1-1/8"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58115	1-1/4"	23-5/8"	15-3/4"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58114	1-1/4"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58138	1-3/8"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	
	DWA58112	1-1/2"	47-1/4"	39-3/8"	DCH481 / D25603K	

